Claims

1. A method of coupling

at least one (conventional) unit processing data in a sequential manner, e.g. a CPU, von-Neumann-Processor and/or microcontroller,

the (conventional) unit for data processing comprising an instruction pipeline,

and

an array for processing data comprising a plurality of data processing cells, e.g. a preferrably coarse grain and /or preferrably runtime reconfigurable data processor, FPGA, DFP, DSP, XPP or chaemeleon-technology-like data processing fabric,

wherein the array is coupled to the instruction pipeline.

2. A method in particular according to claim 1, wherein the input and /or output between the at least one (conventional) unit processing data in a sequential manner, e.g. a CPU, von-Neumann-Processor, microcontroller, and an array for processing data comprising a plurality of data processing cells, e.g. a runtime and/or reconfigurable data processor, DFP, DSP, XPP or chaemeleon-technology-like data processing fabric,

wherein data is transferred via at least one data path being provided therebetween comprising at least one FIFO so as to allow for a less tight coupling and /or data processing within the at least two units that is not strictly synchroneous.

3. A method according to any of the previous claims wherein data is transferred via at least one data path that allows for transfer of data between units not being transferred through a register.

- 4. A method according to any of the previous claims wherein a path for the transferral of status information and/or event information such as flags, overflow, carry and the like is provided between the (conventional) unit for data processing and the at least one array for processing data.
- A device for processing data comprising at least one (conventional) unit processing data in a sequential manner,
 e.g. a CPU, von-Neumann-Processor and/or microcontroller,

the (conventional) unit for data processing comprising an instruction pipeline,

and

an array for processing data comprising a plurality of data processing cells, e.g. a runtime and/or reconfigurable data processor, DFP, DSP, XPP or chaemeleon-technology-like data processing fabric,

wherein the array is coupled to the instruction pipeline.

6. The device according to the previous claim wherein at least one data path is provided between the array and the conventional processor comprising at least one FIFO so as to allow for a less tight coupling and /or data processing within the at least two units that is not strictly synchroneous

and /or wherein

at least one data path is provided that allows for transfer of data not being transferred through a register.

7. A method of at least one (conventional) unit processing data in a sequential manner, e.g. a CPU, von-Neumann-processor, microcontroller, being preferrably adapted for data processing to any of the previous methods and or according to a previously claimed devices

the (conventional) unit for data processing prefer-

rably comprising an instruction pipeline and an array for processing data comprising a plurality of data processing cells, e.g. a runtime and/or reconfigurable data processor, DFP, DSP, XPP or chaemeleon-technology-like data processing fabric, wherein a path allowing for block data transfer is provided from the data cache and /or other data source and the array.

- 8. A method of data processing using an aray of data processing elements wherein input data to be processed are duplicated prior to processing.
- 9. A method according to the previous claim wherein the input data to be processed are duplicated by connecting a plurality of operand or other inputs to an input source such as the output of a data processign unit upstream in the data stream or by using a unit storing and /or latching and /or holding said input data, the unit being within the data path and /or fanning out the data to a number of different inputs.
- 10. A method of data processing using an array of data processing elements reconfigurable at runtime, said data processing being effected by a plurality of configurations, wherein the amount of time allowed for running one configuration is limited.
- 11. A method of preparing an array for processing data reconfigurable at run time wherein a number of instructions is combined to form a number of configurations to be run one after the other and /or in parallel on said array and wherein an execution time of a single configuration is restricted, in particular when repeated operations are to be performed such as loops and/or iterations.